

# THE HICKMAN COURIER.

OLDEST NEWSPAPER IN WESTERN KENTUCKY.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

HICKMAN, FULTON COUNTY, KY., APRIL 28, 1899.

VOL. XXXIV, NO. 23.

## THE SPRING EXPOSITION.

Its an exposition of the New Spring Millinery, Fine Dress Goods and Trimmings, Ladies Tailor Made Suits, Shirt Waists, &c., and the showing has aroused much enthusiasm on all sides. We have had praise and compliments from every one. We feel that we have surpassed our own previous best efforts. Come and feast your eyes on the beautiful things displayed.

### Millinery.

This Department is the main center of attraction just now. The Pattern Hats are lovely, but the creations of our milliners are lovelier still. Words cannot do justice to the beautiful things shown here, and we hope you'll come and see them.

79c.

Ladies "Dollar" Kid Gloves.

Excellent quality in Black, Brown, Tan, Blue and Green. Come in Lace and Clasp fastenings. Sold at a Dollar elsewhere and worth the money.

10c.

Handkerchiefs.

Ladies Pure Linen Hemstitch. Nice quality Linen and cheap at double the money.

Dress Goods

AND TRIMMING.

We are extremely anxious for you to see these, for we know you will not see many of the latest we handle, as they are exclusive with us.

Notions Delivered—Fine Silk fabric, in light and dark grounds, with small and large figures, and also in solid colors.

Grand Delaines, Grosgrains, Challies, Organzies, Applique Challies.

Mattings.

Carpet, Linoleum and Oil Cloth, Window Shades and Lace Curtains.

Our lines of above are very complete, and we invite inspection.

L. P. & W. S. ELLISON.

H. F. REMLEY,

Attorney-at-Law.

Office up-stairs, Holcombe Building, HICKMAN, KENTUCKY.

Will practice in all Courts of the State.

A. F. OLIVER, Blacksmith and Undertaker

HICKMAN, KENTUCKY.

GIVE ME A TRIAL when you want a Blacksmithing done, or repair in Wagon, &c. Home-making a specialty. I also keep a full line of

Undertaker's Goods

Common, Rosewood, and Solid Black Walnut Coffins and Cases, which can be fitted up in short notice, and at reasonable prices. Give us a call. Shop near the Jail.

YOU GET MORE

In the TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL has its own other paper published—both in quality and quantity.

104 Papers One Year For 50 Cents.

The TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL is the equal of many dailies, and the superior of all other papers. It prints more real news, more good class matter, more good stories, than any other. Issued Wednesday and Saturday. A good commission to agents. Sample copies free on application. Write to

COURIER-JOURNAL CO., LOUISVILLE, KY.



Puttin' On Style  
won't do without you buy the correct thing in the way of a turnout.

IF YOU WANT

AN ELEGANT BUGGY

Phaeton or Surrey, call on us. Ours have style, beauty and service. Our 1899 model SURREY at \$90.00, is equal to those sold for \$110.00.

Good single strap Harness, \$10 and up. New stock of Plow Gear, Collars, Hames, Tracechains, Back-bands

High wheel combined check-Rowers and Drills.

Malta Double Shovels—Repairs.

MCCORMICK Binders and Mowers.

OLIVER CHILLED Vulcan Chills.

Sanders & Reeves.

Subscribe for the HICKMAN COURIER

## Local and Personal.

—Got the spring fever?  
—The farmers are busy.

—Queensware at SHAW'S.

—The roads are in tip-top condition.

—Charles Holcombe left Wednesday for St. Louis.

—Dr. Geo. Burrows, of Woodland Mills, is dangerously ill.

—John S. Dillon returned Wednesday from Clarksville, Miss.

—J. W. Morris made a flying trip to the country this week.

—A full line of Groceries at SHAW'S.

—Mr. R. T. Tyler has been in Fulton this week on local business.

—Miss Lillian Laton, daughter of Dr. Sam Laton, is visiting relatives in the city.

—Miss Annie Hall, from (No. 6), Mo., visited friends in the city this week.

—Mr. W. H. Rowland, of this city, has opened a photograph gallery at Carey.

—Ring up 99 when you want from Bolls, Broad, Fruit, Nuts and Candy.

—Miss Lucy Kourty entertained several of her friends from Crutcheville, this week.

—Mrs. C. H. Hubbard left Monday to attend a Women's Suffrage Convention at Grand Rapids, Mich.

—The home of W. N. McDaniel, Fulton, was destroyed by fire, Friday last. Loss \$1,200. Insurance \$1,000.

—Mr. and Mrs. Tom Reynolds, of near Union City, were in the city Wednesday, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Clark.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Garrison, of near Union City, were in the city Wednesday, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Ring.

—Dr. Paul Joyner, of Union City, and Miss Ruppel Palmer, of Crystal Springs, Miss., were guests of the Misses Wade last week.

—Albert Arrington, an old citizen of Hickman county, who lived east of town, near Harmony church, died Wednesday night.

—Several of our young people attended the party at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Thomas, at Carey, one night last week.

—Miss Alfred Shattuck, who has been in the city for some time, has been invited to visit in Clinton. Mr. McDaniel is expected to return soon.

—Will Holcombe, late in the livery business at Hickman, has located in Fulton, in same business, having bought a stable of Clint Mathis. Carey, one night last week.

—We bought a large supply of Seed potatoes and Onion Sets early, when they were cheap, and will save you money on them. LEAVEN & HOOKER.

—Chase & Sanborn's Famous Office is the kind that housekeepers who want only the best, always buy. Sold only by E. B. BROWDER.

—The Rt. Rev. Thomas U. Duller, Bishop of the Diocese of Kentucky, will be at the Episcopal Church, Hickman, Sunday, May 1st, morning and night.

—A serious conflict of authority between the Federal courts and the Arkansas state government has arisen over the mining troubles in the Forest Smith coal region.

—We failed last week to acknowledge a call from Mr. Will T. Walker, of Clinton. He was in the city on Thursday, accompanied by his little son, and made us a brief call.

—The ladies of the C. P. Church will give an ice cream and strawberry supper at Carey's restaurant next Thursday night, for the benefit of the church. Everybody invited to come.

—President H. R. Stone, of Clinton College has tendered his resignation to the board of trustees of the college and the same has been accepted to take effect at the close of the present term in May.

—It is a time to begin spring cleaning especially so to the back yards. When the piles of ashes and old cans are removed, a little white wash will add wonderfully to the appearance of good health.

—Willie Holcombe, of Hickman, a member of the Fourth Tennessee, is in the hospital at Savannah, Ga., suffering from rheumatism, and on this account will probably not be mustered out with the regiment.

—An old landmark gone. The Bon-dinot place, said to be the oldest dwelling house in Hickman, has been torn down, to give place to a new and modern structure. Mr. B. F. Shaw is building on the old site.

—Herbert Beckman, a young son of Mr. William Beckman, near Hickman, has been dangerously afflicted this week with the physical ailment known as meningitis. He was supposed to be some better yesterday, but not much hope for his recovery.

—A delight to contemplate is a cup of COFFEE, clear, pure, and harmoniously invigorating. Are you one of the millions who use Chase & Sanborn's Famous Coffee? If so, you know its unquestionable excellence. Sold only by E. B. BROWDER.

—Rev. R. W. Bingham, of Hopkinsville, arrived in the city Wednesday, and is assisting Rev. W. G. Heffley in a projected meeting at the Methodist Church. Rev. Bingham comes highly recommended as a preacher, and we hope his efforts will be crowned with abundant success.

## The Gunboat Nashville

Will Stop at



HICKMAN.

Mayor Dillon on Wednesday received a telegram from Commander Maynard, of the war vessel Nashville, as follows: VICKSBURG, Miss., April 26, '99. Hickman, Ky.

Shall try to stop going or coming. Cannot fix date now. W. MAYNARD.

The gunboat travels only in daylight, and so looked will pass Hickman on Friday evening, May 5, or early Saturday morning, May 6, as she is due in Cairo on May 6th. Mayor Dillon will be notified of the date she will stop at Hickman, and the people will be notified by publications. If the stage of water makes it possible to reach St. Louis, she will probably hurry forward, and not stop at Hickman until her return trip. However this will be duly advertised.

ONE ARM LOST.

Sam Carr Shoots Charles Wilhelm.

A difficulty occurred between some employees on the quarter-boat of Bryan & Pickett, operating Hickman, in Mississippi, on which Charles Wilhelm was shot by Sam Carr. A shot gun was used, the load taking effect in Wilhelm's right arm, about the elbow, shattering the bone to the extent that the arm had to be amputated, and the left arm received some flesh wounds from shot. Wilhelm appears to have been left in charge of the boat, while other hands left him, went to Hickman, and were absent until after eight. When they returned, about 9 o'clock, Wilhelm pitched into them about going off, especially the cook. One word brought on another, when Carr seized a shot gun and shot him. Wilhelm was brought to Hickman, where physicians amputated his right arm, and properly cared for him. Wilhelm's home is in Sterling, Ill. Carr has not been arrested, and it is understood has left the country.

For Rent.

A 5 Room dwelling, good location and improvements. Apply to W. HOLCOMBE.

A Juror's Remarkable Error.

An incident occurred at the court house at McMinnville, Tennessee, the other day, says the Cincinnati Enquirer, that is unique in the criminal annals of the state. William Brown had been on trial for several days, charged with the murder of his wife, and the jury returned a verdict of murder in the first degree, which means hanging in that state. Just as the judge was about to pronounce sentence, one of the jurors stated that he had passed through the jury under the impression that it was John, the brother of the murdered woman, who was on trial, and not the husband, and that he had viewed the testimony from an entirely different standpoint than he would have thoroughly understood the case. This development necessitated setting the verdict aside, which the judge did after some rather pointed remarks at the sovereign who had set through five days of an exciting criminal investigation and had not been able to learn who was on trial.

—Miss Christine Bradley, daughter of Governor Bradley, will unveil the Kentucky monument at Chickamauga Park, May 1st.

—The United Charities will meet next Tuesday, May 2nd, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the residence of Mrs. Emma Stephens. Officers and members are requested to be present.

—The Bardwell Star, one of the best papers in the State, has changed to an all-home print, adding much to its appearance. Here to you, Hickman, may the Star shine on forever.

Boss Quay,

has been acquitted by a jury of his peers. When men attain the position of great political manipulation, party bosses like Quay, and Croker and Platt, of New York, they are always charged with living in a cess pool of political corruption. And perhaps a large part, even a greater part of such charges are true; but be that as it may it is next to impossible to ever convict one of them. They are of course the shrewdest of men, and know how to manage a case in court as well as how to manage a political campaign. And then there are nearly always a great many false charges manufactured against such men, and this creates a great party sympathy for them. That Quay has been guilty of corruptions in elections; or that Dick Croker has been in New York, is most likely true, but they are too shrewd to be convicted, or if convicted it would be by the political party opposed to them.

How Democrats Can Win.

Leave off wrangling with anybody about ratios, and drive it home for Republicans to answer:

1. How the country is to be benefited by the destruction of Government paper money, and leaving the banks the sole controllers of the paper money to be issued?

2. How the people are to be benefited by issuing interest bearing bonds instead of non-interest bearing greenbacks?

3. How the whole people are to be benefited by the concentration of business in big trusts?

4. How the individual citizen is to be benefited by the concentration of our sons to acquire the far off Philippines?

LESSONS OF SAMOA.

Surely the Samoan imbroglio, the "aligier king business," as Waterson expresses it, ought to be a valuable object lesson to us. It shows, as clearly as anything in our history could show, the bad policy of meddling in the affairs of other nations. We haven't any doubt that Admiral Kauter is right, considering the matter from the standpoint of the questions at issue in the present case. But the wrong lies in the fact that our government should have gotten involved in such a miserable mixture. What have we to do with Samoa? How did we get into an entangling alliance on the other side of the globe? That's where the mistake was made. We have not thirty citizens in Samoa. Their property is very small. Why did our government allow itself to become embroiled in this manner? Here we are linked arm and arm with Great Britain and against Germany. If the latter should make war on the former, we would be involved in it, unless we showed Puno faith. Instead of letting the European powers fight out their battles while we continued in security, we are in a position to be dragged into their endless conflicts. It is the same with the railroads. By virtue of our sovereignty in the far East we become a factor in the politics of that region. Who knows but what our government is even now fighting with the rapacious European countries for a share of the collapsing Chinese empire, and when the greedy dogs go to fighting over the bones, as they surely will, have we any safeguard against being involved in the melee? We are now paying war taxes. The war with Spain entailed an expense of two hundred million dollars. The standing army will cost nearly this much every year. With the pensions added, we are at an expense of more than any of the great powers. Isn't it time to stop and think?—Knockville Sentinel.

—The Tennessee Legislature has adjourned.

—The retirement of Reed from the speakership is causing much excitement among the Republican Congressmen with aspirations.



## ABOUT TO CLOSE.

The Arguments in the Mrs. George Murder Trial Under Way.

The Accused Threatened That if Convicted She Will Commit Suicide—If Acquitted Will Sue the State for a Large Sum.

CANTON, O., April 22.—The defense in the George trial began Thursday morning its attack on state witnesses claimed to be addicted to the opium or morphine habit. Dr. Ryan, superintendent of the state asylum for the insane at Newburg, testified as an expert. He said a person addicted to the habit loses honor and truthfulness and retains little or no principle.

Of 1,000 patients in his asylum, he estimated 50 to 100 were morphine victims. This testimony was most important and valuable for the defense. Ekroate, who was the only witness who identified Mrs. George as the murderer, is an admitted morphine user. Alva Whipple, P. E. Mout and Mrs. Mout testified to the darkness of the night. W. R. DeWees, Mrs. Maud Randall and Joseph A. Lippert testified to being walking along the sidewalk next to the house where Mrs. George roomed.

Thomas Shepard, the former janitor, was recalled and testified to having heard Saxon say, "I wish Mrs. George out of the block if she didn't stay out."

S. S. Kaufmann, cashier of the national bank, testified to issuing drafts to Saxon to the amount of \$200, which were cashed in South Dakota either by Mrs. George or others for her. James Huddell, night clerk at the Hotel Federal, also testified that Saxon and Mrs. George registered as G. D. Smith and wife, of Toledo, on March 24, 1935.

An alibi is promised by the defense. A woman who lives near the scene of the murder will swear that Mrs. George was in her house at the time of the shooting.

Attorneys for Mrs. George say they will account for her whereabouts during all of the time between 6 and 7 p. m.

CANTON, O., April 22.—The defense sought to show Friday by Mrs. Florence B. Klingler that in 1931 Mrs. George was making preparations to go to housekeeping. It was excluded until better evidence of a promise to marry her had been furnished.

The witness also testified to passing Saxon on his way west at 5:55 the evening of his death. At 6:55 she said Mrs. George came to her home on Marion street and remained there until 6:56 when she went to Sterling's law office. These hours constitute an alibi, it being practically a physical impossibility to have been at the Ait-house home at the hour of the shooting and at the Klingler home at 6:55. E. J. Schabert, a druggist, testified to having sold one-ounce ounce bottle of morphine to Mrs. Ekroate at intervals of a week or two. Harry A. Taylor testified that Mrs. George had been going to Allegheny in March, 1935.

Joseph Ekroate, husband of the woman who testified that she had seen and recognized Mrs. George in the act of firing two shots into Saxon's body, looking from her bedroom window, was called to the stand at the opening of the trial of Mrs. George Friday morning. He testified that his wife had been using a white powder presumed to be morphine for the past 13 years. He said it made her drowsy and irritable.

Fred P. Shanafelt and Alex Garver, druggists, also testified to selling morphine to Mrs. Ekroate. Former Police Officer H. A. Smallwood was prevented from testifying about finding Mrs. George in the Saxon block after midnight on the night of the shooting.

Miss Ella Barry told of passing Mrs. George near the Lincoln stand, close to the evening of Saxon's death, and Mrs. Ella Pink testified to seeing Mrs. George at that house during the day and leaving it at 5:30, also to the presence of burns and Spanish needles in the yard.

Miss Alice Mandelbaum testified to having often seen Mrs. Aithouse enter the Saxon block in 1935.

CANTON, O., April 22.—The testimony on behalf of the defense in the trial of Mrs. George was concluded Friday. A brief cross examination, by agreement, will be conducted Saturday morning and then testimony in rebuttal will be offered. If this is concluded before the regular hour for noon adjournment court will then adjourn two days.

The jury will probably be charged Wednesday forenoon. The features of Friday were the calling of Sam C. George, the former husband of the defendant, and the effort to impeach the testimony of Mrs. Ekroate, the woman who claims to have recognized Mrs. George in the act of firing two of the shots.

CANTON, O., April 24.—Mrs. Lizzie Miller who saw the man in the blackintosh and sailor hat soon after the death of Saxon, was called for cross-examination by the state when court opened Saturday. A doctor had been sent to investigate her physical ability to attend and the state reserved the right to take up the subject later.

Then rebuttal on behalf of the state began. County Surveyor J. S. Hoover was called to testify as to the distances

between points named in testimony for the defense. It was especially sought to show that the accused might have left the scene of the tragedy after the shooting and reached Florence Klingler's home at the hour named by the witnesses.

In an effort to rebut Mrs. Lindeman's testimony about Mrs. George not having a revolver concealed the day of the murder, policeman McCloud was called to show that Mrs. George had inside her corset that day a number of napskins intended to improve her form. This was held incompetent in rebuttal.

Michael Barr, post office money order clerk, said he saw Mrs. George in the office at 2:50 and 3:15 the day of the murder. This was in contradiction of Mrs. Lindeman, who said Mrs. George was with her all of the afternoon. He also identified two letters in Mrs. George's writing.

Mrs. Lizzie Miller sent a medical certificate of inability to appear in court.

Sample C. George was called to fix the time of settlement with Saxon at two days before Saxon's death. The memoranda of settlement was offered in evidence.

Dr. A. C. Grant testified as a scientific witness on the habit of cheating and also on an examination of Mrs. Ekroate. He said she shows no symptoms of the habit of use of opium.

Dr. A. B. Walker followed Dr. Grant and the remainder of the morning was devoted to medical testimony on the morphine habit.

Dr. Walker testified as to Mrs. Ekroate and that examination showed no symptoms of the habit in her case.

CANTON, O., April 23.—No limit has been placed on the arguments in the George trial. Two attorneys, however, expressed the opinion that they would get through in two days.

Mrs. George looked more serious Monday morning than at any time during the trial. Her face was paler and her manner was less animated. As the time for the verdict approaches prophets do not feel as free as they have been to forecast the verdict. A majority of them, however, still incline to the view that the verdict will be acquittal or disagreement. The latter is based on the opinion that the state has not proved her guilty, and the defense has not proved her innocent. Attorney Grant opened for the state Monday morning.

Mrs. Streeter, a close friend of Mrs. George, is quoted as saying that she will never serve a penitentiary sentence or occupy the electric chair. She intimates that the jury would take her own life before either punishment should be meted out to her. Mrs. Streeter insists that friends of Mrs. George will aid in procuring justice. The sheriff and jail officials do not regard the threat seriously. It is said that if she is acquitted Mrs. George will sue the Saxon estate for a large sum.

### IMPORTANT ARREST MADE.

Samuel B. Downey, Outside Revenue Collector, Taken Into Custody in Connection With Counterfeiting.

LANCASTER, Pa., April 23.—One of the most important arrests in the great counterfeiting conspiracy was made in this city Monday by Capt. Burns, of the secret service. Samuel B. Downey, an outside deputy revenue collector, was taken into custody and held in \$10,000 bail for further hearing. He arrived here from Philadelphia Monday afternoon, and after a brief consultation with Revenue Collector Hershey they learned that Downey was expected to be taken into custody and was then in consultation with his attorneys. Proceeding to the lawyers' office they placed Downey under arrest, and in this city Monday by Capt. Burns, of the secret service. Samuel B. Downey, an outside deputy revenue collector, was taken into custody and held in \$10,000 bail for further hearing. Downey was unable to procure a bondsman and the secret service chief on Monday night took him to Philadelphia, where he was placed in the county jail. Downey is charged with furnishing to Jacobs and Kendig information respecting the movements of the government detectives, who were investigating the alleged counterfeiting of revenue stamps. The secret service officers say Downey was given about \$1,000 by Jacobs and Kendig to keep them informed.

Downey was a great man "because he wore a 21-inch collar." He was about to be promoted to captain, but the president withheld his consent.

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### HE MAY LOSE HIS COMMAND.

Germany is Angry over the Remarks Made by Capt. Coghlan, of the Cruiser Raleigh—Criticized.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—So seriously has been the criticism on all sides of the speech of Capt. Coghlan, of the cruiser Raleigh, before the Union League club in New York, that the administration feels embarrassed in view of the strained relations between the United States and Germany, and despite the captain's gallant record at Manila, it is strongly probable that there is considerable trouble in store for him. This may result in his being relieved of his command.

It is generally understood that Germany expects a disavowal. Attention is called to the fact that when the German government learned the full extent of his irritating conduct, Vice Adm. Von Diederichs was succeeded in command of the Asiatic squadron by Capt. Coghlan will either voluntarily or by the direction of Secretary Long, furnish the department with a correct version of his speech.

There is no intimation in official circles of court-martialing Capt. Coghlan. The utmost that will be done, if the present temper of the department continues, will be to relieve him of his command, write him a letter of censure and note his conduct upon his record.

Capt. Coghlan has been in trouble before. In 1879 he wrote a letter to Chief Clerk Moran, of the navy department, in which there were profane expressions. He was court-martialed, reduced 12 numbers and suspended one year. In 1897 he wrote a letter quoting Senator Voorhees' remark that Mr.

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### LIUT. GILLMORE, HELD CAPTIVE BY THE FILIPINOS.

LIUT. JAMES E. GILLMORE, who was captured by the Filipinos and is now being held by them, is a native of Philadelphia and one of the best popular men in the navy. He is 42 years old and is the son of the late James C. Gillmore, of the firm of Yard, Gillmore & Co., wholesale silk merchants of Philadelphia. The lieutenant went to Manila at his own request. He was captured by the Filipinos at the battle of Alibon on April 12, 1901, and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1902 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1903 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1904 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1905 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1906 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1907 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1908 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1909 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1910 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1911 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1912 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1913 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1914 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1915 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1916 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1917 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1918 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1919 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1920 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1921 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1922 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1923 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1924 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1925 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1926 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1927 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1928 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1929 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1930 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1931 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1932 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1933 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1934 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1935 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1936 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1937 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1938 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1939 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1940 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1941 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1942 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1943 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1944 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1945 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1946 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1947 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1948 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1949 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1950 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1951 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1952 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1953 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1954 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1955 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1956 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1957 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1958 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1959 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1960 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1961 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1962 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1963 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1964 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1965 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1966 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1967 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1968 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1969 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1970 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1971 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 1972 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 1973 and was held captive for several months. 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He was released in 2026 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2027 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2028 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2029 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2030 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2031 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2032 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2033 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2034 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2035 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2036 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2037 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2038 and returned to the United States. 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He was released in 2208 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2209 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2210 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2211 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2212 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2213 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2214 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2215 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2216 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2217 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2218 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2219 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2220 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2221 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2222 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2223 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2224 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2225 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2226 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2227 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2228 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2229 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2230 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2231 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2232 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2233 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2234 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2235 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2236 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2237 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2238 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2239 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2240 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2241 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2242 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2243 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2244 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2245 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2246 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2247 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2248 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2249 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2250 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2251 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2252 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2253 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2254 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2255 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2256 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2257 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2258 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2259 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2260 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2261 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2262 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2263 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2264 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2265 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2266 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2267 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2268 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2269 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2270 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2271 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2272 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2273 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2274 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2275 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2276 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2277 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2278 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2279 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2280 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2281 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2282 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2283 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2284 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2285 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2286 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2287 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2288 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2289 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2290 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2291 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2292 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2293 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2294 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2295 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2296 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2297 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2298 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2299 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2300 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2301 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2302 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2303 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2304 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2305 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2306 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2307 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2308 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2309 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2310 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2311 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2312 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2313 and was held captive for several months. He was released in 2314 and returned to the United States. He was again captured by the Filipinos in 2315 and was held captive for several months. He was

## Going to Build This Spring?

We can furnish you with everything needed to build with  
... at ...  
**VERY + LOWEST + PRICES.**

Rough Lumber,  
Dressed Lumber,  
Doors and Windows,  
Shingles, Nails,  
Builders Hardware,  
Paints and Oils,  
Lime, Cement and Plaster.  
Let us figure with you.

**L. P. & W. S. Ellison**

### Railroad Time Table.

N. C. & St. L. R. R.  
LEAVES ARRIVES  
Train No. 31 at 7:15 p. m. Train No. 32 at 7:15 p. m.  
Train No. 33 at 8:15 p. m. Train No. 34 at 8:15 p. m.

In St. Louis, and Hamilton, and Geisel are the black-hearted, treacherous and the most ignorant scoundrels that many Democratic papers claim they are, how can the editor of any paper—except, perhaps the Hickman Courier—consistently vote for and “name” the one of the three who gets the nomination?—Bardwell Push.

The COURIER has never denounced either the candidates, and in that regard would have no “erow” to swallow. In truth, we don’t believe half the charges against these gentlemen. They are like many other good men who injure themselves more than they injure others. How, however, if they can stand it—so can we. Therefore, let’s go Gallager!

Stone made a good congressman and would make a still better Governor. Goebel is a man of very fine ability and bravely and faithfully stands by his own work and that of his democratic colleagues in the legislature. Gen. Hardin possesses fine ability, is gallant and chivalrous, and would make a splendid Governor. Whatever inconsistency may attach to him, in the minds of some, for accepting the last nomination on a gold platform, is more than counterbalanced by the inconsistency of that gold convention bestowing the nomination on him (Hardin) when he was known all over the state as an out and out free silver man. All three are democrats. So here, friend Push, is all the “erow” involved.

### The Great Campaign Trusts.

Strange, isn’t it, that with all the denunciations of trusts and combines, which truly are the most grievous burdens confronting the American people, that we seldom hear any denunciation of the great political campaign trusts, and then only of the political party trust opposing the denouncer. And yet these great political party campaign combines aggregate not thousands but millions of dollars to carry out the purposes of the combine, and through the use of the money thus combined flow the greatest corruptions ever known, undermining the very life of the Republic. They use these vast money under the pretense of “educating the people,” arousing the dormant patriotism of the country, &c; but all know it is used every way and any way to carry the elections. And one political party justifies its course on the grounds that the opposing party has done, and will do again. Better that the people should be “educated” slower and purer. The evils from these political campaign trusts have brought it to pass that a Presidential election is the measure of “slab barrels” and not the number of sovereign voters exercising their will. All know this to be true. These trusts are dangerous and difficult to handle, but so are all trusts of the grand order.

The Republican convention to nominate candidates for Governor and other State officers meets in Lexington, July 12th.

The Eddyville penitentiary has quarantined against the State of Kentucky on account of smallpox, and will receive no more prisoners from counties where smallpox exists, until physicians pronounce all danger passed.

## LOCAL NEWS.

—Several new dwellings are going up in town.

—The free medicine concert has been discontinued.

—J. C. Check spent Saturday and Sunday in Paris, Tenn.

—Miss L. L. L. and Freeman, of Union City, spent Monday in town.

—Att’y Smalley, of Maria, Tenn., was in Hickman this week, on business.

—Try a barrel of Eddy Lime and Cement from Lamm & Robbins, Searsville.

—Teachers vying positions in Hickman College should file applications on or before May 31st.

—Miss Lizzie Amberg, who has been visiting “at home,” Tiptonville, has returned to Hickman.

—Joe Witting left last week for Mississippi where he will engage in the sewing machine business.

—The Commercial club of Paducah has arranged to give an old-time picnic contest on May 25.

—A nice lot of Floor Matting, the latest patterns from 15 to 35¢ per yard. 2-4-6. H. C. Amberg.

—The Third Kentucky volunteer infantry will be mustered out of the U. S. service at Savannah, Ga., on Tuesday, May 10th.

—Miss Biddle Shaw has returned to her home near Oakton, accompanied by M. H. Shaw Jr., who spent Sunday and Monday at that place.

—FOUND.—A small pocket-book, containing gold ring and some coins. Owners have by describing, and paying for this advertisement.

—Our Institute, at Fulton, will close the first week in May. The commencement services will be held Sunday, April 30, by Rev. Boyce Taylor.

—Baltzer & Dods’ new iron and glass front adds much to the appearance of the building, besides making it one of the most attractive stores in the city.

—We regret to learn of the death of Mrs. Ward, the venerable mother of P. C. Ward, at his home, on Rockwood Lake, Saturday last. Sincere sympathy is extended.

—Nager Lang, of Paducah, sent a committee of citizens to Memphis to urge Capt. Maynard to take the gunboat Nashville to Paducah. The only objection appears to be the stage of water in the Ohio.

—C. B. Morris, Druggist, Moscow, Ky., says his wife, Plantation Child Care and finds it suits his trade because it eradicates the system of all malarial poison, and he guarantees it.

—Mr. C. P. Cook, from near Carthage, Mo., moved his family to Hickman last week. He says that Hickman has the reputation abroad of being one of the best and healthiest towns on the Mississippi river. Correct.

—Efforts are being made to have the post office at Campbell’s Landing re-established. Mrs. Sudberry will likely be appointed post-mistress. It would certainly prove a great convenience to the people of that section. It is to be called “Delta.”

—Complaint has been made to the Marshal of Paducah by negroes that a white woman has been vending some decision that would take the hair out of the negro’s hair. It is said she found many willing buyers. She had an eye to business.

—Dave Hamilton, a farmer residing near Humboldt, recently found among some old papers belonging to his father, a U. S. bond for \$50. The Humboldt Journal says that the bond called for compound interest from date of issue, many years ago and that the total amount due now is about \$5,000.

—W. G. Wister, druggist, Clinton, Ky., says he has sold Plantation Child Care for many years, and among the many child terrors he finds the Plantation the most reliable he sells, as it acts differently from the online tonics, which only stop chills for a short time. It removes the cause, and the cure is permanent.

—A little girl of Mrs. John Harby accidentally drank some poison in Wister’s book store, Friday evening, which she mistook for water, and came near losing her life. It was a preparation used for poisoning snakes, and she had it in the girl fell on the street, but the cause being known, physicians after patient work relieved her, and saved her life.

—The bill authorizing Lake county to issue \$100,000 in bonds to aid in building a levee from Tiptonville to Hickman is now a law, and it is announced that Mr. Thomas, President of the Nash, Chat & St. Louis Railroad, has agreed to take this subscription, together with other aid, build the levee and put a railroad on it. If this be true, it looks like the work might be commenced and completed this year.

—The entertainment given at City Hall, Friday night, was both an artistic and financial success. We have often read on the bills of electionists carrying an audience from laughter to tears and from tears to laughter, but Mrs. Haskell’s rendition of “Marse Chan,” and other selections, was our first realistic view of the fact. The entertainment was not only pleasant, but highly enjoyable—the very best reading we ever heard.

**Come Forward!**

All persons indebted to O. A. Holcomb are notified that they must come forward and settle. Delays are dangerous. Verbum Sapienti.

—This is the season of the year when the songs of birds put life into the listless amphibian, when frog answers frog in the Philippine dialect, singing of spring with a guttural joy. Inspiration runs much down into the eyes of the good man. The corner loafer is down with the spring fever. The cool dealer looks with awe at the ice man, who is preparing to eat his bones up in wild revenge. Hens are clucking. The good housewife, with a towel on her head is making dinner. Winter is a memory, and the young maiden is getting ready to dance barefooted on the lawn with apple blossoms in her golden hair, and the balmy odor of spring onions on her breath, which leads us to ask: Why is which always with us?

## School Book Question.

The bill providing for uniform text books for the public schools of Tennessee is now a law. It provides, simply, for a State Committee to select and contract for the books, and it is claimed that the cost of books in the public schools will be cut down one-half. Kentucky will watch the result with much interest. In this State each county makes its own selections. Candidates for the State Legislature should advise themselves as to this new Tennessee law.

## James Andrew Segt.

candidate for Attorney General of the State, filed his appointment here on the night of the 29, and was greeted by a full number of hearers. The larger part of his address was devoted to trusts and combines and to a denunciation of his own services. He is orthodox on free silver and the Chicago platform, but places a full emphasis on the two issues referred to. He says the corporations are especially after his scalp, and urges the people to rally to the rescue. His speech was applauded, and satisfactory to many.

## The Beef Verdict.

Those who have read in the papers the testimony before the Beef Inquiry Court on the charges made by Gen. Miles, cannot fail in the verdict that a large amount of bad, unwholesome beef was furnished the army in Cuba, Porto Rico, and in Florida. But by whom is not so clear. Or, but any one was knowingly guilty, is also left in doubt. However, the presumption that some contractors, or maybe some Government officials in collusion with them, were criminally neglectful, for purposeful speculation, is strong, to deny that the product now be turned in that direction.

## Something New.

Something new has been done the other day when the message was handled without the aid of England and France, which are separated by the three Channel—some 30 miles. It was a great victory for the more freight will be sent than any battle ever made, and or sea. It closes the door on hundreds of thousands of workmen and their bread and butter. Cables will shortly run beneath the Ocean and telegraph wires hang idly on the poles.

## YES!

EVERYTHING IS  
Nice and Clean,  
Fresh and Cold!

**Soda Water,**  
ALL FLAVORS,  
COCO-COLA,  
FRUIT NECTAR,  
PHOSPHATES,  
ICES

CRUSHED FRUITS  
and LEMONADE.

—ALL AS—

**COLD AS ICE CAN MAKE THEM.**

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

**Lowmyer’s**

**Chocolates,**

(THE FINEST CANDY MADE)

Received Every Week!

**COWGILL & COWGILL,**

DRUGGISTS.

There Are Few Things

more valuable than choice books. They are the friends one instinctively turns to for comfort when pre-occupied friends have proven that they are at best, only sham. But that your real friends are well treated—put them in a CASE.

**WE HAVE**

**Cases Of All**

**Styles And Sizes.**

Some that will hold only a few books, and others that will hold any number. Come and examine this stock. Prices are within reach of all.

**Stephens & Smith.**

## Spring Opening!

HIGH-CLASS ATTRACTIVE NOVELTIES IN  
SPRING AND SUMMER

**Dress Goods!**

NOW ON MY COUNTERS.

My purchases this season surpasses all other in RICHNESS, VARIETY and STYLE. The patterns are our own, and no fear of imitation. My shelves are crowded with the world’s best, latest and loveliest productions. Among the NOVELTIES are these:

Devon Pique,

Arundel Pique,

Siren Dinity,

Lucerne Checks,

Egyptian Madras,

Persian and French

Organdies, Lawns,

And many others.

I have the prettiest stock of SILKS for Shirt Waists ever shown here. Also WASH SILKS and SATINS.

I have added to my stock.

**Ladies’ Ready-Made Shirt Waists,**

which are so much in use this season. They are bought direct from our manufacturers, are perfect-fitting and very cheap.

**WHITE JAPONS**—A lot of these, cheaper than you can make them—only 25¢ each.

I cordially invite everybody to call and examine my entire stock, and compare quality and price.

**H. C. AMBERG.**

## The Shoe Store!

They’re English Back Stays, Heavy or Light Soles, Black or Chocolate, Bright or Black Eyelets, new Toes.

**RELIABLE SIGNS.**

**BIGGEST ASSORTMENT.**

**BEST QUALITY!**

**Our \$3.00 Shoes for Men!**

They’re all King qualities—all Lengths from 5 to 10.

Widths C to E.

With each Purchase of \$1.00, or more, you get a

**PHOTO BUTTON**

of any member of your family, or sweetheart, if you like.

Don’t forget to call for your ticket.

Rosendale makes the Buttons. We do the rest.

**CASH STORE.**

**RICE & NAYLOR.**

## R. T. TYLER, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT.

Special attention given to the selling of Real Estate of all kinds; and represents a full line of the best and most reliable Fire Insurance Companies doing business in the State, and that “Old Reliable” MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., that has already paid out largely over \$100,000 Life Insurance in Hickman and vicinity, and is issuing the cheapest and best policy of any regular Life Insurance Company doing business in this country. He solicits your patronage. Call and see him.

## G. N. HELM, Hickman, Kentucky,

Sole Agent for Vulcan Chilled Plows, and

Dealer in Disc Harrows, Disc Cultiva-

tors, One Horse Cultivators,

One Horse Harrows,

Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hay Rakes, Forks, &c

Call and look at my Implements before buying.

## Resumed Business!

**J. J. C. BONDURANT.**

J. J. C. BONDURANT has bought the Grocery Stock of ALFRED

McDANIEL, in the Powell Block, and will continue business at that stand. He has added largely to the stock, and will keep equal to any

**Grocery Establishment**

Quality, Quantity, Prices and Variety, to select from. He solicits the trade of his patrons of former years, and the public generally, promising to and all FAIR DEALING.

## “Majestic” Cooking Ranges,

The Best in the World!

You Cannot Make a Mistake

In Buying One of these Ranges!

One of its Strongest Points is its

**ECONOMY IN THE USE OF FUEL!**

Bakes Biscuits in 4 Minutes—Light Bread in 40 Minutes.

Buying a “Majestic” means a life-time of Economical Cooking

Call and Examine Them. You’ll Buy no Other.

**R. B. BREVARD.**

Bring Your Job Work to the Courier Office.







## SENATORIAL CONVENTION CALL.

At a meeting of the First Senatorial Democratic District Committee, held at Fulton, Ky., on April 6, 1899, a majority of said committee being present. Ordered, that a district convention be held in the city of Fulton on Tuesday, May 20, 1899, at 2 o'clock p. m., to nominate a Democratic candidate for State Senator for said district to be voted for at the November election, 1899.

That the Democratic voters of each precinct in said district shall meet at their respective voting places on Saturday, May 20, 1899, at 2 o'clock p. m., to elect delegates to the district convention, the basis of representation to be one delegate for every one hundred and fifty votes cast for the Democratic ticket for President in 1896. Provided, that each precinct shall be entitled to at least one vote in said convention.

The local committee, if present, shall call the precinct meeting to order, or in its absence the Democrats present may organize and hold said meeting.

All who voted for Bryan for President, and all others who wish to be identified in future with the Democratic party, and agree to support the nominee of this convention, shall be entitled to participate in these precinct conventions.

S. W. LITTELL, Chm'n Fulton Co.  
S. D. GRIPPY, Chm'n Hickman Co.  
Please publish and oblige.

## Opposed to Expansion.

Senators Hoar, Edmunds, John Sherman, Speaker Reed and many other of the ablest Republicans are opposed to expansion.

Ex-President Cleveland, John G. Carlisle, Secretary Wilson, W. J. Bryan and others, regarded as the very ablest men among the Democrats, are opposed to expansion.

How can you then "scoot" the anti-expansionists?

## The Georgia Burning and Butchery.

The recent burning and butchery of the two negroes, in Georgia, was horrible and terrible, as was the crime for which they were punished. One was charged with murdering the husband and after the murder outraging the wife, and the other with procuring the murder and exciting the negroes to violence against the whites. The mob, when started, not only burned the culprits, but cut off their ears, fingers and inflicted other tortures. The punishment was simply horrible, terrible. If guilty these negroes surely should have been punished by death. But the public would have been better reconciled to the terrible manner of their killing, if they had been tried by a court, and found guilty. Death is not too heavy punishment for the crime, but mobs make mistakes, and sometimes kill innocent people.

## Let 'em Fight.

The COURIER does not admire personal wrangles between candidates for public office when they ought to discuss public issues. When a campaign thus degenerates it has the appearance of "pie hunters," and has no proper claim upon the enthusiasm or patriotism of the people. Some people grow excited over these personal contentions, and think that others should align themselves, and fight for one or the other. And to be sure we will have personal preferences in such matters, precisely as most men will take sides in a dog fight, but if one does not want to be needled to. A candidate for office does not necessarily forfeit in any degree his integrity of character, personal honor, honest convictions as to principles, or patriotism, but the COURIER has been in the field many years, and found out that, many of them put "self," their own advancement ahead of all else, and refuse to enhance over such men or such conditions. None the less officers must be chosen, and government must be maintained, and good citizens should take part, and exercise their choice as best they can from the material and issues before them.

The number of statesmen who are anxious to step into the shoes of Thos. B. Reed, is so great that the number of statesmen who are competent to fill them.

The great disorder of counterfeiters in Pennsylvania, embraces a number of former U. S. officials, and the most dangerous ever known. Many thousands of experts accepted their bills. The amount put in circulation, perhaps thousands, maybe millions.

## LOCAL NEWS.

—Business is very dull in police circles at present.

—Dave Thomas, of this county, is at Hot Springs, Ark.

—Old papers for sale at this office, 50 cents per hundred.

—The gambol Nashville is expected to be at Hickman, Saturday, May 6th.

—It costs the U. S. government five cents a thousand for printing postage stamps.

—The Union City Commercial reports several cases of small-pox at Tippecanoe.

—M. F. Garrison, near Woodland Mills, had his barn destroyed by fire, valued at \$1,000.

—The U. S. has now under construction 46 new war vessels. They will cost about \$50,000,000.

—U. S. Judge Evans has finally discharged Jno. E. Ringwood, of Fulton County, in bankruptcy.

—A very successful revival is in progress at the C. M. E. Church in this city, and a number of conversions are reported.

—The big White Collar line steamer, John K. Speed, which went down some miles below Louisville, has been raised, after a hard struggle.

—Sidney J. Casserty, of Nashville, Tenn., brother of J. T. Casserty, and well known to many hereabouts, committed suicide in St. Louis on the 26th.

—While there is so much talk about dollar dinners and ten-dollar dinners, there are thousands of voters all over this country who are glad to get a ten-cent hand out.

—A scientist says: "If the earth was flattened out 'sea would be two miles deep all over the world.' If any other planet flattening out, the earth would shoot him on the spot. A great many of us can't swim.

—County Judge Kearby has sent W. P. Asplund, charged with \$300, amount allowed by the Fiscal Court toward abating small-pox infection in Fulton. This is one-half the expense incurred, the city of Fulton paying the other half.

—A negro named Sam Waters killed another negro named Frank Holmes, and his wife, in New Madrid county, Mo., last Friday, in a quarrel over a fence. He nearly shot the man's head off, and almost tore the woman in two at the waist. He escaped.

—Capt. H. A. Tyler has been in Memphis, this week, as Chairman of the National Railroad Committee, negotiating as to a loan of that road to the L. & N., or to the Illinois Central; or perhaps to the independent operation of that road.

—We are in receipt of a communication from Ebenezer Sunday School, regarding the death of Bob Wade, son of Mrs. Mary Wade, who died at his home near Fulton, on the 19th inst. The article was received too late for publication this week, but will appear next.

—The Universal Peace Congress, called by the Chair of Russia, assembled May 15th. All the Nations invited have named delegates. The Peace women throughout the world are expected to hold meetings, May 15, adopt resolutions, and send same to Vladivostok, Russia.

—The Fulton Circuit Court convenes next Monday. The grand jury will be organized Monday, but the petit jury not until Tuesday. There are 8 prisoners charged with felonies in jail awaiting trial. Good deal of business was before the court: 34 commonwealth cases, 37 equity, 24 ordinary and 34 appearances.

—A negro who was in the post house at Paducah, thinking his time had come, confessed to a robbery which he says was committed by him as an accomplice in Lincoln, Nebraska, in which \$400 in money and \$500 worth of diamonds and four gold watches were stolen. He told the Paducah authorities where \$100 of the money is hidden.

—For twenty-six years the people of St. Clair County, Mo., have been in revolt against a judgment of the Federal Court, says the Chicago Chronicle. During all that time the County Judges have passed the greater portion of their term of office in jail for contempt. During all this time Judges and people have defied the court, and all the might of the nation's judiciary system has been insufficient to secure a settlement of the decree. The case is the most peculiar that has ever arisen in the history of America.

## Good Roads—Hogs.

While we have read with much interest the Courier's articles on good roads and recently coincide with her progressive and up-to-date ideas on the subject, yet we are impelled by observation and experience to point out a crying evil that must be abated before good roads can be an established fact in Fulton Co., or anywhere that this evil exists. I refer to the running at large of stock, and especially hogs. It may appear to a casual reader that this is a prejudice on the part of the writer, but a few facts will demonstrate they are a serious menace to good roads as well as to the farmer's crops in a neighborhood in which the evil exists. Banks and ditches along the highways are rooted up, obstructing the free passage of water, in places causing quarries that are almost impossible, in early springtime, without cross-laying, and in others diverting the water from its natural channels which in seeking an outlet wash deep gullies and unnatural breaks alongside and across roads, which are a constant menace to vehicles, driven and animals. Show me a community that takes pride in its roads and maintains them, and I will show you a community in which this nuisance does not exist. Farmers and the public generally are loath to see good money expended in improvements that are liable to be torn up, damaged and destroyed by some neighbor's hogs, who are either too trifling or stingy to keep his stock within bounds. Public roads are not a public pasture, withal there is nothing on them which a hog can embelish, hence it is "root hog or die," or worse still, break into your neighbor's wheat or cornfield after he has done all the possible damage he possibly can on the public highway.

## LOCAL NEWS.

There are many factors that stand in the way of a career of commercial and industrial activity in the United States such as, perhaps, the world has never seen. There are too much politics and municipal National, State and municipal. Over all hangs the dread shadow of the Trusts, politically termed aggregations of capital or industrial combinations. The Trusts at present represent the greatest menace to the happiness and prosperity of the world.

An enormous number of people are convinced that they are against the public good, and while they possess the awful strength of capital the people possess the greater strength of votes. That Trusts will be one of the most important issues of the next national campaign is already a foregone conclusion. The drawing of the fangs of the Trusts is the people's largest contract ever undertaken by the Democratic party, and it will remain with the people to put that party in power for that purpose. Otherwise the next four years of the new century will be sullied by the enormous increase of these ruinous combinations.—Elizabeth N. Hays.

The Philadelphia Ledger, one of the very few Republican papers not under the dominion of Hanna suggests that free trade in trust products is necessary in order to protect the people.

The Ledger says: "Mr. Disley's act is without a peer as a promoter of rapacious trusts. As a revenue producer it is a failure, but it enables corporations to combine in restraint of competition and oppress the consumer. The Republican party, being responsible for the intolerable condition, which prevails as a result of vicious or short-sighted legislation, is in honor bound to abandon such duties as, without affording revenue, enable predatory trusts to devour the substance of the people." It is quite evident that before the campaign of 1900 opens the Republican leaders will be playing violent critical game of alleged opposition to trusts.

Tom L. Linn, who is talked of as the Democratic nominee for Governor, may be erratic but he is the only man in the United States, who is equal to the campaign oratory.

J. D. Rood, of the Standard and mail man, is the richest man in the world. He is known to be worth \$250,000,000. He rises to the amount of \$20,000,000 a year, when he is retired. His net worth is \$25 million. And by speculations has made \$5,000,000 a day. If he lives to be 70 he will be worth more than one billion dollars.

The German Government entered a formal protest against the language used by Capt. Coghlan, of the cruiser Raleigh, in telling how the German Admiral was brought to terms by Admiral Dewey. Capt. Coghlan has made no report to the Navy Department as to whether he was correctly quoted. Germany expects Capt. Coghlan to be censured rather than that the United States should make any apology for his intemperance.

## FOR ADVISORS:

P. WAT. HARDIN.  
Subject to the action of the Democratic State Convention.

## Farmers Free Column.

Under this heading will hereafter be published notices not to exceed 6 lines each, from farmers who are subscribers, who have horses, mules, cows, products, seed, etc., for sale, free of charge.

## Hay for Sale.

Sixty tons of good Timothy Hay for sale. Apply to J. W. MARTIN, Jr., Woodland Mills, Tenn.

I have good young mules. Well broke, will sell for cash or on time, or here out for the season. J. O. BAXTER.

20 Acres for Rent.  
20 acres good land for rent. Apply to S. L. DREWRY.

BINDER FOR SALE.  
I have a good McCormick Binder for sale, cheap. Apply to C. L. ROSE.

For Sale.  
One good work horse. Three miles west of Clayco, on State Road. Mrs. E. A. THOMAS.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY HAY.  
For sale by W. M. BACON, 6 miles east of Hickman.

FOR SALE.  
One good black mare, young calf. Also, a fine mare, said mare is due to find colt the 18th. McDaniel, Hickman, Ky.

## Cash Book Store.

Splendid Selection of NEW BOOKS, STATIONERY, NOTIONS, &c.

Call and see our Stock. Everything up to date.

MARY BRENDEE & Co.

G. E. Bartlett,  
(Successor to Wm. Distelbrink.)

—DEALER IN—  
Fancy Groceries and Provisions,  
HICKMAN, KENTUCKY.

FREE DELIVERY.

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## KERR & RANDLE.



Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, &c.  
FINE WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Genuine Seth Thomas Alarm Clocks for \$1.00.

4 Doors East of Laclede Hotel, HICKMAN, KY.

S. T. TYLER, Pres't. C. A. HOLCOMBE, V. Pres't. W. C. JOHNSON, Sec'y.

HICKMAN BANK

HICKMAN, KENTUCKY.

Established in 1866.

Paid Up Capital \$50,000.00

SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$10,000.

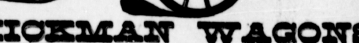
Solicit your business. We offer the most Liberal Accommodation to our Customers. Consistent with Established Banking Principles.

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HICKMAN WAGON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED



HICKMAN WAGONS,

HICKMAN, KENTUCKY.

The BEST OFFER Ever Made by a Newspaper!

34 LARGE PAGES EVERY WEEK FOR ONLY \$1.50.

The semi-weekly Republic, the best general newspaper printed in the world, containing all the news in eight pages twice-a-week, and The Republic Model Magazine one year for \$1.50.

The Republic Sunday Magazine was the newspaper success of 1897. A home journal of the best class, 16 large pages every week, 4 pages of fun, 16 pages of the brightest and best reading printed. It contains more high-class pictures and cartoons than have ever attempted in any other publication. More noted writers and editors contribute to The Republic Magazine than to any other Western publication.

The Magazine will be sold only in connection with the semi-weekly Republic, but is mailed separately each week.

Address all orders to THE REPUBLIC, St. Louis, Mo.

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